

545. Title:Rapid Sintering of Silica Xerogel Ceramic Derived from Sago Waste Ash Using Sub-millimeter Wave Heating with a 300GHz CW Gyrotron

Authors:Aripin, Haji (1); Mitsudo, Seitaro (2); Sudiana, I.Nyoman (2); Tani, Shinji (2); Sako, Katsuhide (2); Fujii, Yutaka (2); Saito, Teruo (2); Idehara, Toshitaka (2); Sabchevski, Sliven (3)

Source title:Journal of Infrared, Millimeter, and Terahertz Waves

Issue date:2011

Publication year:2011

Pages:1-10

Language:English

Document type:Article in Press

Abstract:In this paper, we present and discuss experimental results from a microwave sintering of a silica-glass ceramic, produced from a silica xerogel extracted from a sago waste ash. As a radiation source for the microwave heating a sub-millimeter wave gyrotron (Gyrotron FU CW I) with an output frequency of 300&nbsp;GHz has been used. The powders of silica xerogel have been dry pressed and then sintered at temperatures ranging from 300&deg;C to 1500&deg;C. The influence of the sintering temperature on the technological properties such as porosity and bulk density was studied in detail. Furthermore, X-ray diffraction (XRD) and Fourier Transform Infrared (FTIR) spectroscopy have been used in order to study the structure of the produced silica glass-ceramics. It has been found that the silica xerogel crystallizes at a temperature of 800&deg;C, which is about 200&deg;C lower than the one observed in the conventional process. The silica xerogel samples sintered by their irradiation with a sub-millimeter wave at 900&deg;C for 18 minutes are fully crystallized into a silica glass-ceramic with a density of about 2.2&nbsp;g/cm<sup>3</sup> and cristobalite as a major crystalline phase. The results obtained in this study allow one to conclude that the microwave sintering with sub-millimeter waves is an appropriate technological process for production of silica glass-ceramics from a silica xerogel and is characterized with such advantages as shorter times of the thermal cycle, lower sintering temperatures and higher quality of the final product.